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10/761,047	01/20/2004	Stephen R. Van Doren	200313631-1	1166
22879 7590 06/14/2007 HEWLETT PACKARD COMPANY P O BOX 272400, 3404 E. HARMONY ROAD			EXAMINER	
			BURGESS, BARBARA N	
	TELLECTUAL PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION ORT COLLINS, CO 80527-2400		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2157	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/761,047	VAN DOREN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Barbara N. Burgess	2157			
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stany reply received by the Office later than three months after the mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	B DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH: atute, cause the application to become ABAN	TION. y be timely filed S from the mailing date of this communication. DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on $\underline{0}$	8 March 2007.	·			
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ 1	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-38 is/are pending in the applicate 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-38 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	drawn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam	. 1	W. E			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the con	rrection is required if the drawing(s)	is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	e Examiner. Note the attached C	Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docum application from the International Bu * See the attached detailed Office action for a	nents have been received. nents have been received in Apportiority documents have been re reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	olication No eceived in this National Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview Sun	nmary (PTO-413)			
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/N	Mail Date mal Patent Application			

Application/Control Number: 10/761,047 Page 2

Art Unit: 2157

DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action is in response to amendment filed March 8, 2007.

Claims 1-38 are presented for further examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cypher (US Patent 6,877,056 B2) in view of Arimilli et al. (hereinafter "Ari", US Patent Publication 2002/0129211 A1).

As per claims 1, 29, and 34, Cypher discloses a system and method comprising:

- A first node that provides a broadcast request for data, (column 6, lines 40-50, column 14, lines 35-50, column 20, lines 20-60);
- A third node that provides the requested data to the first node in response to the broadcast request from the first node, the first node filling the data provided by the third node in a cache associated with the first node (column 21, lines 25-40).

Cypher does not explicitly disclose:

 the first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request from the first node, the read conflict response indicating that a second node has a pending broadcast read request for the data.

However, the use and advantages for the first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request from the first node, the read conflict response indicating that a second node has a pending broadcast read request for the data is well known to one skilled in the relevant art at the time the invention was made as evidenced by the teachings of Ari (paragraphs [0026, 0032]).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to incorporate or implement Ari's first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request from the first node in Cypher's system in order to determine what action should be taken.

As per claim 2, Cypher discloses the system of claim 1, wherein the broadcast request provided by the first node is a source broadcast read request (column 8, lines 45-57).

As per claim 3, Cypher discloses the system of claim 2, wherein the first node provides a read conflict response to the broadcast read request from the second node, the read conflict response provided by the first node indicating that the broadcast read request of the first node conflicts with the pending broadcast read request of the second node (column 15, lines 1-18).

As per claim 4, Cypher discloses the system of claim 3, wherein the third node provides the requested data to the second node in response to the broadcast read request from the second node, the second node filling the data provided by the third node in a cache associated with the second node (column 22, lines 38-49).

As per claim 5, Cypher discloses the system of claim 1, wherein the request for data broadcast by the first node is a source broadcast write request (column 17, lines 15-30).

As per claim 6, Cypher does not explicitly disclose the system of claim 5, wherein the first node provides a second conflict response to the pending broadcast read request from the second node, the second conflict response provided by the first node indicating that the write request broadcast by the first node conflicts with the broadcast read request from the second node.

However, the use and advantages for the first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request from the first node, the read conflict response indicating that a second node has a pending broadcast read request for the data is well known to one skilled in the relevant art at the time the invention was made as evidenced by the teachings of Ari (paragraphs [0026, 0032]).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to incorporate or implement Ari's first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request from the first node in Cypher's system in order to determine what action should be taken.

Application/Control Number: 10/761,047

Art Unit: 2157

As per claim 7, Cypher discloses the system of claim 6, wherein the broadcast request provided by the first node is broadcast using a first cache coherency protocol, the second node in response to the second conflict response provided by the first node reissues the pending broadcast read request of the second node (column 21, lines 33-44).

As per claim 8, Cypher discloses the system of claim 7, wherein the first cache coherency protocol is a source broadcast cache coherency protocol and the second node reissues the broadcast read request using a forward progress cache coherency protocol (column 9, lines 11-19).

As per claim 9, Cypher discloses the system of claim 6, wherein the third node provides the requested data to the second node in response to the pending broadcast read request of the second node (column 19, lines 50-67).

Cypher does not explicitly disclose the second conflict response provided by the first node preventing the second node from filling the data provided by the third node in a cache associated with the second node.

However, the use and advantages for the first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request from the first node, the read conflict response indicating that a second node has a pending broadcast read request for the data is well known to one

skilled in the relevant art at the time the invention was made as evidenced by the teachings of Ari (paragraphs [0026, 0032]).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to incorporate or implement Ari's first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request from the first node in Cypher's system in order to determine what action should be taken.

As per claim 10, Cypher disclose the system of claim 6, wherein the third node provides shared data to the second node in response to the pending broadcast read request of the second node, the second node filling a cache associated with the second node with the shared data and associating an invalid state with the shared data filled in the cache associated with the second node (column 23, lines 23-45).

As per claim 11, Cypher discloses the system of claim 1, wherein the third node comprises one of a home node and an owner node (column 5, lines 12-28).

As per claim 12, Cypher discloses the system of claim 1, wherein the broadcast request provided by the first node is broadcast using a source broadcast cache coherency protocol (column 13, lines 40-58).

As per claim 13, Cypher discloses the system of claim 1, wherein the first node defines a first processor and the second node defines a second processor, the first and second

processors having an associated cache, the associated caches of the first and second processors each comprising a plurality of cache lines, each cache line having a respective tag address that identifies associated data and each cache line having state information that indicates a state of the associated data for the respective cache line, the first and second processors being capable of communicating with each other and with other nodes of the system tllrough an interconnect (column 25, lines 1-38).

As per claim 14, Cypher discloses the system of claim 13, further comprising a first cache controller associated with the first processor and a second cache controller associated with the second processor, the first cache controller being operative to manage data requests and responses for the associated cache of the first processor, the first cache controller effecting state transitions associated with the data in the associated cache of the first processor based on the data requests and responses for the associated cache of the first processor, the second cache controller being operative to manage data requests and responses for the associated cache of the second processor, the second cache controller effecting state transitions associated with the data in the associated cache of the second processor based on the data requests and responses for the associated cache of the second processor (column 12, lines 34-50).

As per claim 15, Cypher discloses the system of claim 13, wherein the system implements a hybrid cache coherency protocol wherein each of the first, second, and

third processors employs a source broadcast-based protocol to issue a request for the data and provide responses for the data, and employs an associated second protocol to reissue a request for the data in response to the request failing in the source broadcast protocol, the second protocol employing a forward progress technique (column 20, lines 50-60).

As per claims 16, 24, Cypher discloses a multi-processor network and computer system comprising:

- A first processor node operative to issue a first source broadcast request for data (column 12, lines 23-39);
- A second processor node operative to issue a second source broadcast request for the data (column 12, lines 45-55);
- A third node operative to provide a data response in response to the respective source broadcast requests of the first and second processor nodes, the third node being one of an owner processor node and a memory node (column 18, lines 1-12).
 Cypher does not explicitly disclose:
- The second processor node being operative to provide a read conflict response to
 the first source broadcast request when the second source broadcast request is a
 read request, the second processor node being operative to provide a second
 conflict response to the first source broadcast request when the second source
 broadcast request is a write request;

 The first processor node being operative in response to receiving a read conflict response from the second processor to implement a cache with the data provided by the third node.

However, the use and advantages for the first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request from the first node, the read conflict response indicating that a second node has a pending broadcast read request for the data is well known to one skilled in the relevant art at the time the invention was made as evidenced by the teachings of Ari (paragraphs [0026, 0032]).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to incorporate or implement Ari's first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request from the first node in Cypher's system in order to determine what action should be taken.

As per claim 17, Cypher discloses the multi-processor network of claim 16, wherein the first processor node is operative in response to a write conflict response from the second processor node to issue a request for the data using a forward progress technique (column 24, lines 12-45).

As per claim 18, Cypher does not explicitly discloses the multi-processor network of claim 17, wherein the second conflict response from the second processor node prevents the first processor node from implementing the cache with the data provided by the third node.

However, the use and advantages for the first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request from the first node, the read conflict response indicating that a second node has a pending broadcast read request for the data is well known to one skilled in the relevant art at the time the invention was made as evidenced by the teachings of Ari (paragraphs [0026, 0032]).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to incorporate or implement Ari's first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request from the first node in Cypher's system in order to determine what action should be taken.

As per claim 19, Cypher discloses the multi-processor network of claim 16, wherein the first source broadcast request is one of a source broadcast write request and a source broadcast read request (column 9, lines 35-56).

As per claim 20, Cypher discloses the multi-processor network of claim 16, wherein the source broadcast request issued by the first processor node exists concurrently with the source broadcast request issued by the second processor node (column 15, lines 25-55).

As per claim 21, Cypher discloses the multi-processor network of claim 16, wherein the third processor node provides shared data to the second processor node in response to the second processor node providing the second source broadcast request as a

broadcast read request, the second processor node filling the shared data in a cache associated with the second processor node and associating an invalid state with the data in the cache associated with the second processor node (column 28, lines 22-46).

As per claim 22, Cypher discloses the multi-processor network of claim 16, wherein each of the first, second, and third processor nodes has an associated cache that comprises a plurality of cache lines, each cache line having a respective tag address that identifies associated data and having state information that indicates a state of the associated data for the respective cache line, the first, second, and third processor nodes being capable of communicating with each other and with other nodes of the system through an interconnect, the multi-processor network further comprising a first cache controller associated with the first processor node, a second cache controller associated with the second processor node, and a third cache controller associated with the third processor node, the first cache controller being operative to manage data requests and responses for the associated cache of the first processor, the first cache controller effecting state transitions associated with the data in the associated cache of the first processor based on the data requests and responses for the associated cache of the first processor, the second cache controller being operative to manage data requests and responses for the associated cache of the second processor, the second cache controller effecting state transitions associated with the data in the associated cache of the second processor based on the data requests and responses for the associated cache of the second processor, the third cache controller being operative to

Application/Control Number: 10/761,047

Art Unit: 2157

manage data requests and responses for the associated cache of the third processor, the third cache controller effecting state transitions associated with the data in the associated cache of the third processor based on the data requests and responses for the associated cache of the third processor (column 20, lines 45-67, column 21, lines 1-44, column 22, lines 27-49).

As per claim 23, Cypher discloses the multi-processor network of claim 16, wherein the network implements a hybrid cache coherency protocol in which each of the first, second, and third processor nodes employs a source broadcast-based protocol to issue requests for data and provide responses to requests, and employs an associated protocol employing a forward progress technique to reissue a request for data in response to a request failing in the source broadcast protocol (column 29, lines 20-30).

As per claim 25, Cypher discloses the computer system of claim 24, wherein the first processor in response to the second conflict response of the second processor is operative to reissue the source broadcast request from the first processor by issuing a request for the data employing a forward progress protocol (column 20, lines 19-33).

As per claim 26, Cypher discloses the computer system of claim 24, wherein the second conflict response from the second processor prevents the first processor from filling the data provided by the third processor in the cache associated with the first processor (column 22, lines 45-67).

As per claim 27, Cypher discloses the computer system of claim 24, wherein the third processor provides a shared data response to the first processor in response to the source broadcast request for the data, the first processor being operative to place the shared data in the cache associated with the first processor and associate an invalid state with the data in the cache associated with the first processor (column 27, lines 15-40).

As per claim 28, Cypher discloses the computer system of claim 24, wherein the computer system implements hybrid cache coherency protocol in which each of the first, second, and third processor employs a source broadcast-based protocol to issue requests for data and provide responses to requests, and employs an associated protocol employing a forward progress technique to reissue a request for data in response to a request failing in the source broadcast protocol (column 12, lines 32-50).

As per claim 30, Cypher discloses the system of claim 29, wherein the means for providing a broadcast request from the first node comprises means for providing a broadcast read request for the data from the first node, the system further comprising:

- Means for providing the requested data to the second node from the third node in response to the broadcast read request of the second node (column 21, lines 10-35);
- Means for filling the data provided to the second node by the third node in a cache

associated with the second node in response to the second node receiving the read conflict response from the first node (column 22, lines 30-55).

Cypher does not explicitly disclose:

• Means for providing a read conflict response from the first node to the second node in response to the broadcast read request of the second node, the read conflict response from the first node indicating that the pending broadcast read request of the second node conflicts with the broadcast read request for the data from the first node. However, the use and advantages for the first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request from the first node, the read conflict response indicating that a second node has a pending broadcast read request for the data is well known to one skilled in the relevant art at the time the invention was made as evidenced by the teachings of Ari (paragraphs [0026, 0032]).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to incorporate or implement Ari's first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request from the first node in Cypher's system in order to determine what action should be taken.

As per claim 31, Cypher discloses the system of claim 29, wherein the means providing a broadcast request from the first node comprises means for providing a broadcast write request for the data from the first node, the system further comprising:

Means for reissuing the broadcast read request of the second node employing a

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Art Unit: 2157

forward progress protocol in response to the second conflict response provided by the first node (column 19, lines 10-27).

Cypher does explicitly disclose:

• Means for providing a second conflict response from the first node to the second node in response to the pending broadcast read request of the second node, the second conflict response from the first node indicating that the pending broadcast read request of the second node conflicts with the broadcast write request for the data from the first node.

However, the use and advantages for the first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request from the first node, the read conflict response indicating that a second node has a pending broadcast read request for the data is well known to one skilled in the relevant art at the time the invention was made as evidenced by the teachings of Ari (paragraphs [0026, 0032]).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to incorporate or implement Ari's first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request from the first node in Cypher's system in order to determine what action should be taken.

As per claim 32, Cypher disclose the system of claim 31, further comprising means for preventing the second node from placing the data provided by the third node in a cache associated with the second node in response to the second conflict response provided by the first node (column 10, lines 22-45).

As per claim 33, Cypher discloses the system of claim 29, wherein the means for providing the data from the third node to the first node is operative to provide shared data to the first processor, the means for placing the data provided by the third node placing the shared data in the cache associated with the first processor, the system further comprising means for associating an invalid state with the data in the cache associated with the first processor (column 25, lines 38-55).

As per claim 35, Cypher disclose the method of claim 34, wherein providing a source broadcast request from the first node comprises providing a source broadcast read request from the first node, the method further comprising:

- Providing the requested data to the second node from the third node in response to the pending broadcast read request of the second node (column 22, lines 45-67);
- Placing the data provided to the second node by the third node in a cache associated with the second node (column 21, lines 12-36).

Cypher does not explicitly disclose:

Providing a read conflict response from the first node to the second node in
response to the pending broadcast read request of the second node, the read conflict
response from the first node indicating that the pending broadcast read request of the
second node conflicts with the source broadcast read request provided by the first node.
However, the use and advantages for the first node receiving a read conflict response to
the broadcast request from the first node, the read conflict response indicating that a

second node has a pending broadcast read request for the data is well known to one skilled in the relevant art at the time the invention was made as evidenced by the teachings of Ari (paragraphs [0026, 0032]).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to incorporate or implement Ari's first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request from the first node in Cypher's system in order to determine what action should be taken.

As per claim 36, Cypher discloses the method of claim 34, wherein providing a broadcast request from the first node comprises providing a broadcast write request from the first node, the method further comprising:

 Preventing placement of the data in a cache associated with the second node in response to the second conflict response provided by the first node (column 20, lines 22-39).

Cypher does not explicitly disclose:

 Providing a second conflict response from the first node to the second node in response to the pending broadcast read request of the second node, the second conflict response from the first node indicating that the pending broadcast read request of the second node conflicts with the broadcast write request provided by the first node.

However, the use and advantages for the first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request from the first node, the read conflict response indicating that a

second node has a pending broadcast read request for the data is well known to one skilled in the relevant art at the time the invention was made as evidenced by the teachings of Ari (paragraphs [0026, 0032]).

Therefore, one of ordinary skill in art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to incorporate or implement Ari's first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request from the first node in Cypher's system in order to determine what action should be taken.

As per claim 37, Cypher discloses the method of claim 36, further comprising reissuing the source broadcast read request of the second node as a forward progress protocol read request for the data from the second node in response to the second conflict response provided by the first node (column 25, lines 1-30).

As per claim 38, Cypher disclose a computer system comprising a hybrid cache coherency protocol that employs source broadcast protocol mode and a forward progress protocol mode, the computer system being operative to fill a cache line associated with a source node with requested data provided in response to a source broadcast protocol mode request for the data when there is a source broadcast protocol read conflict with another node in the computer system, the computer system being further operative to reissue a request for the data from a source node using a forward progress protocol mode request for the data when there is a source broadcast protocol

Application/Control Number: 10/761,047 Page 19

Art Unit: 2157

second conflict with another node in the computer system (column 27, lines 12-33, 55-67).

Response to Arguments

The Office notes the following:

- (a) Arimilli fails to teach or suggest a read conflict response to a broadcast read request from the first node.
- (b) Arimilli fails to teach or suggest providing conflict responses indicating that a second node has a pending broadcast read requests.
- (c) Cypher fails to teach or even suggest that a third node provides the requested data in response to the first node in response to the broadcast request from the first node.
- (d) One of ordinary skill in the art would not be motivated to combine Cypher in view . of Arimilli to create the system of claim 1.
- (e) Cypher fails to suggest the broadcast request provided by a first node is a source broadcast read request.
- (f) Cypher does not teach source broadcast is a write request.
- (g) Cypher does not teach a second conflict response.
- (h) Claim 34 has not been addressed.
- 3. Applicant's arguments filed have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to:

(a)-(b) Arimilli teaches a second agent providing the first requesting agent a response indicating that the second agent has a pending request (conflict request) (paragraphs [0012, 0022]).

Therefore, Arimilli indeed discloses a read conflict response to a broadcast read request from the first node.

(c) Cypher teaches write-back request being sent to an owning device. However, the request is sent from the owning device to memory because the owning device only has a read-only copy of data (column 12, lines 40-45, column 16, lines 10-20). Cypher further teaches accessing data from a cache directory if the master has granted ownership (paragraphs [0042, 0046]).

Therefore, Cypher discloses a third node provides the requested data in response to the first node in response to the broadcast request from the first node.

(d) In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988)and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case one of ordinary skill in art at the time the invention was made would have found it obvious to incorporate or implement Ari's first node receiving a read conflict response to the broadcast request

Application/Control Number: 10/761,047

Art Unit: 2157

from the first node in Cypher's system in order to determine what action should be taken.

(e)-(f) Cypher teaches facilitating communication between clients. The client may perform reads or writes. The read request initiates a read transaction. The mode table determines the mode transmission. It can be a PTP mode transmission or configured as a broadcast transmission mode (column 7, lines 36-55).

Therefore, Cypher teaches the broadcast request provided by a first node is a source broadcast read and write request.

(g) Arimilli further teaches the second agent provides a snoop response to the first agent's request. The first agent is also provided with a second response called a combined response (paragraphs 0012-0013]).

Therefore, Arimilli discloses a second conflict response.

(h) Examiner note that claim 34 has been addressed on page 2 of Non-Final Office Action dated December 18, 2006.

Conclusion

4. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

Application/Control Number: 10/761,047 Page 22

Art Unit: 2157

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Barbara N. Burgess whose telephone number is (571) 272-3996. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:00am-4:00pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ario Ettinene can be reached on (571) 272-4001. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Barbara N Burgess Examiner Art Unit 2157

June 7, 2007

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